

lands at \$1.25 per acre, and 20,000 acres swamp and overflow lands at 25 cents per acre—all wild lands—have been purchased at the proper office in Jackson-  
ville.











## THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.  
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month, \$2.50 for three months, or \$10 a year.

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ATLANTA, GA.

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ATLANTA, GA., SEPTEMBER 14, 1881.

The president alarmed Elberon yesterday by hurriedly sending for his surgeons three but it turned out that all he wanted was their consent to leave his bed. He had decided that he was strong enough to occupy a reclining chair, and the doctors gave their consent to the change. This is certainly a great change from the gloomy situation of last Sunday night.

If our readers were rich, if Georgia was blessed with good crops, we would urge a practical answer to the appeal of Port Huron for help in taking care of the blinded, homeless, starving people of northern Michigan. Let us hope that the rich and prosperous everywhere in this country will see that the coming cold weather does not find the afflicted people of the devastated counties without food or shelter or medical attention.

The present good weather should be utilized to the fullest extent in picking out cotton. No one can tell what the weather of the future will be, and every bale of cotton saved from the wind and storm and dirt is so much added to the resources of the south. Not a bale should be wasted this year. The fields are full of open cotton, and nothing should be permitted, to interfere with the work of putting it into merchantable shape.

"CORNERS" are attracting a good deal of attention, both in this country and England; for in the latter country the American device for creating artificial prices has been of late practiced with great success on cotton. The bulk of the available crop is in the hands of some Liverpool men of large capital, and they are dictating their own terms. In this country anything that can be controlled, from stocks to opium, is subject to "corners;" but so long as such combinations affect only those who sell what they have not got, the public will not be apt to interfere. The men who sold thousands of shares of Hannibal and St. Joe when they did not own a single share, have no case to go to the people on. They should settle without calling on the courts or otherwise pleading the baby act.

The death of General Burnside of heart disease, at his residence in Bristol, will surprise the country. He was born in Indiana in 1824, and was graduated at West Point in 1847. He served in the Mexican war, but soon afterwards left the army to engage in the manufacture of a breech-loading rifle of his own invention. He entered the union army as a colonel at the beginning of the late war, and rose step by step until he commanded the army of the Potomac. He was elected governor of his state in 1866 and served until 1869. He took a seat in the senate on March 4, 1875, and was re-elected last winter. He had nearly six years to serve when death overtook him. He was not a great man, but his impulsive nature and integrity always gave him the respect of his associates in the senate.

## "FAIR TRADE" IN ENGLAND.

It is hardly necessary to discuss now the curious reasoning of the protectionists to the effect that the success of the fair trade movement in Great Britain will not injure American business interests. But the necessity will grow with the growing probability of the success of the movement. In the meantime Mr. Jennings, the London correspondent of the New York World, cables to his paper the fact that the Cobden club has deemed it necessary to enter upon a free trade campaign. Mr. Jennings states that pamphlets showing the folly of high tariffs are being issued as fast as Mr. Augustus Mongredien, Mr. George Medley and other contributors to free trade literature can compile them. It is said also that Mr. Gladstone will shortly deliver two or three speeches on the controversy at Leeds, where he was returned at the head of the poll last year. Leeds is the center of the infected districts. Its woolen factories and machine shops have suffered severely from the depression. Bradford, a few miles off, is under a cloud, and the manufacturing towns along the Midland railway and on the Lancashire and Yorkshire feel the hard times keenly and are badly tainted with the new gospel of despair. It is also rumored that Mr. Bright will come out with a terrific blast against the fair traders, but if he simply denounces them as "lunatics," as he has been in the habit of doing hitherto, his pronouncement will not have much weight. Forty years ago he and Cobden were denounced as fanatics and madmen, but that sort of argument did not extinguish the movement against the corn laws.

## NEPOTISM AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The evil of nepotism is confined to no country. Even Mr. Gladstone stands charged with it. Under the last liberal administration, of which he was the head, one of his sons held a post to which was attached a salary of \$3,000 a year, and recently another son was introduced to official life, without a salary. Disraeli, it will be remembered, gave his brother Ralph a life-office, worth about \$10,000 a year, in the house of lords. It was such work as this that ruined Lord Grey and brought Lord Westbury to popular disgrace. But the English civil service is not alone in this matter, for a recent investigation shows that the governmental departments in this country are full of families and relations. There are numerous cases of fathers, wives, sons, daughters, all in one department, and all in direct violation of the law. With the single exception of Secretary Windom, it is said that the heads of departments are all guilty of nepotism. Secretary Kirkwood has

six nieces and nephews in the interior department, and some of his subordinates have followed his example. Postmaster-General James has put a number of his relatives in fat places, both in Washington and New York. Commissioner Raum has twelve relatives in the interior revenue service, including a son and two brothers. Secretary Hunt has three sons in the navy department and one in the pension bureau. Assistant Secretary French of the treasury office has twelve relatives in his own office and several more in the government service elsewhere. Assistant Postmaster General Tyner is not far behind him. Register Bruce has also become a nepotist to a considerable extent, being an apt student of Washington methods. It is needless to say that congressmen have freely taken care of their poor relations; and altogether the high officials have turned the lower branches of the public service into machines for the support of their dependents. This of course demoralizes the civil service, and renders any valuable reform impossible. The subject will stand a congressional investigation excellently, and perhaps out of such an investigation would spring enough public indignation to put an end to the crying evil in at least the departments.

## THE CARPET-BAGGER IN FICTION.

It is a significant fact that a southern writer should be the first to recognize the picturesque conditions of the reconstruction period, and to utilize them in a work of fiction; but it is infinitely more significant that in dealing with these conditions a southern writer should rise to the sublime heights of impartiality. This Mrs. Bryan has done in "Wild Work," "the story of the Red River Tragedy," which has just been issued by the Appletons of New York. The theme of the book would suggest a comparison with Judge Tourgee's "A Fool's Errand." But the comparison would be unjust to both books. The vivid, glowing earnestness of "A Fool's Errand" is the result of partisanship, and its defects are such as arise from an imperfect knowledge of the situation and absolute ignorance of the nature and origin of the forces which moved the southern people. Judge Tourgee has portrayed events, as they appeared to him, with unusual eloquence. In contrast to this, Mrs. Bryan has presented a narrative, not only of events, but of motives, with both of which she is thoroughly familiar.

Coming after "Manch," which narrowly missed the interest of a profound psychological study, Mrs. Bryan's latest book is, in some sort, disappointing. It is not because it is sensational, for that element is nowhere carried beyond the limits of dramatic unity, but it is because of certain evidences of haste which the author has not taken the trouble to revise—because of a certain confused grouping of the multitude of people that appear and disappear in the course of the narrative. There is a constant tendency to regard these people as inhabitants, rather than as characters. With respect to the apparent confusion, it is sufficient to say that it is a most realistic reproduction of the turmoil and hurlyburly of that particular period of the history of which can only be truthfully written by the romancer. The picture which Mrs. Bryan has painted is graphic and to the life. Its lights and shadows are handled with a careful eye to their proportion, and the mastery of details is a constant tribute to the author's art. But it need not be supposed that these things have a tendency to repress the natural awe one must feel upon learning that a sob shook the many chest of one of the prominent characters in "Wild Work." It is well enough for the readers of the New York Ledger or the Sunny South to be told that some manly chest or other has been shaken by a sob, but it is calculated to give an amateurish flavor to a book. This and one or two other little surrenders to current sentimentalism are to be accounted for by the fact that the story first appeared as a serial, and the subsequent revision was not as heroic as it might have been. We are disposed to complain of this because we know what Mrs. Bryan can do. We know how capable she is—and how patient. We have lost no occasion to pay a tribute to the splendid intellectual endowments and the prodigious industry which have made her successful in a field where nearly everybody before her has failed. She has struggled against odds that have overwhelmed the strongest men. With the leisure and repose necessary to the ideal literary life, she would have made herself famous long ago.

"Wild Work" professes to be simply a story of the carpet-bag era in Louisiana, but it is something more. Within certain bounds and limitations, and with certain modifications, it is a history of the reconstruction period in every southern state, and as such we commend it to the sober attention of the esteemed republican editors of the north who have heretofore had but a superficial view of a situation which they are not yet weary of discussing. The book is something more than a history of events; it draws forth motives from their concealment and uncovers causes unsuspected by those who took no part in the activity of those deplorable days. The particular episode which serves as the motive of Mrs. Bryan's story is peculiarly thrilling and touching, and the characters are grouped and contrasted with consummate skill. The story is not as artistic as "Manch," but it is more dramatic and the situations are more effectively managed. The character of Wittich, the carpet-bagger, is outlined with bold, free hand, but the details are elaborate and conscientious. It is an exceedingly vivid and effective portrait; the type of a class—half heroic, half knavish, and wholly unscrupulous—which must long remain a curiosity to the historian as well as to the impartial student of our politics. Mrs. Bryan deals with the carpet-bagger from the standpoint of art, and is thus enabled to recognize the element of heroism which prompted him to confront and defy the social odds arrayed against him. There are one or two touches of negro character in the book so deft and delicate that one could wish they had been multiplied to such an extent as to take the place of some of the more trivial incidents and details. All together, however, "Wild Work" is a singularly successful representation of a period at once unique and abnormal, and in this respect it is a book of special importance.

The Philadelphia Press is calling for an honest republican paper at Harrisburg. The remedy for this is first to find an honest republican at the Pennsylvania capital.

Mr. James is a little backward in vindictive Dorey. There is always too much red-tape in the departments.

The fact that the legislature is determined to adjourn shows that there is nothing in first impressions.

A MAJORITY of the actors belong to the stay-out gang.

The fact that our farmers are able to pay for western hay shows that there is a good deal of surplus money in the country.

SENATOR Beck has denied the statement attributed to him in regard to supplying a republican for temporary president of the senate, the organs all declare that he is a moss-back bourbon. We are glad to state that Senator Beck is still well.

The New Jerseyman who married his mother-in-law ought to be a statesman. He has discovered the sweets of conciliation.

There is a difficulty brewing between Mrs. Jane Switzheim and St. Paul. In the interest of fair-play, it is to be hoped that Editor Medill will be called in to act as umpire and referee.

It is pretty well settled that when the democrats of New York go into the campaign, the Hon. John Kelly will demand around until he secures telephone connections with the opposition. The Hon. John is not a man to be left out in the cold.

The New Haven Register calls John Kelly a disintegrator. This is merely a Sunday translation of the real language that his John's case.

A PALACE car has been named in honor of Emma Abbott. It is proposed to fit the car for opera by outfitting to grease its wheels. In the bright lexicon of the operative stage, one squeak is as good as another, and probably better.

Mrs. L. G. LORNE will bid her ma adieu and sail for Canada in October. She is bringing her old man a pair of new socks and a necktie.

MRS. SWITZHEIM has written to Editor Medill, of Chicago, informing him that one of his most valued correspondents is a web-footed prevaricator.

COMPLAIN is made that when American preachers return from Europe they smuggle a guide-book into the pulpit.

The fact that the Cleveland Herald prints art notes would seem to indicate that it circulates largely outside of Ohio.

YOUR Uncle Samuel is marrying off his younger relations preparatory to going to war. This shows that the obituary which appeared in the editorial columns of the New York Herald of Sunday is somewhat premature.

The climate of Washington appears to be a genuine crank-test. Between the delirious whiskey and the malarious climate, the average politician is compelled to show his hand.

ATLANTA is the mother-in-law of a new fashion. When the front hair is made up into little rings which are subsequently slightly torn up with a fine comb, the style is known as the Fulton county fluster.

A MARRIED woman never gets familiar enough with her husband to allow him to see her sitting and backing in front of the mirror. When she is caught at it, she says she is hunting a pin.

In the brief editorial sketch of Sidney Lanier, which accompanied the announcement of his death, there were several errors and some omissions. The poet was born in Macon, in 1842, and was therefore thirty-nine years of age. He was never connected with the Peabody Library Orchestra of Baltimore. He had about completed the "Mabmogin" and "Boy's Percy," and these would doubtless appear in the fall. The appreciative notices of Lanier's genius, which have appeared in the northern papers must be very gratifying to those who are interested in the new literary movement in the south. Of that movement the dead poet was the pioneer and leader, and this fact has been gratefully recognized in every discriminating notice of his career that has thus far appeared.

STATESMAN CHRISTIANITY has gone back to the thoroughly republican habit of abusing his wife.

## PERSONAL.

HENRY ROCHESTER is badly marked by small pox.

AMID the anxiety of all others, Agnew stands serene.

The wives of cabinet members rarely enjoy the fun of going to Long Branch.

MR. TILDES has been in the Catskills ill and weary. He has been returned to Greystone Park.

MISSOURI, the artist, has recently undergone a successful operation for calculus.

MARK TWAIN is writing a poem on lumbago. It will be accompanied by a map.

It is believed that the climate at Long Branch is having a favorable influence on Dr. Bliss.

MR. BERRY, the actor, is expected to season at Booth's theatre October 3rd with "Richelieu."

PAT WALSH, of Augusta, likes to eat at a table by himself, so that he can have room to read the beefsteak.

ONE of the finest cars, just made for the Chicago and Pacific railroad, has been named in honor of Miss Emma Abbott.

GENERAL CARP is doubly happy. He not only escaped the Apache, but he has read some charming obituary.

LITZ once vowed that he intended to retire from public life, but twenty-eight years afterwards he was still before the public.

EDITOR HENRY MCINTOSH, of the Albany Evening Journal, is enjoying his vacation in Newton county. He is very much in love with middle Georgia methods.

SUPERINTENDENT HAINES, of Savannah, is who would find himself thoroughly at home among the professors of the Concord school of philosophy?

JAY GLODGE has established his son in business as a stock-broker. The young man is named George, and was so called because he could not tell a lie. He is the only George in the Gould family.

LOTTA has received the new play written for her by Mr. Fred Marsden and is said to believe that it is the best which she has. This is not saying a very great deal, but everybody will hope that it is true.

AN ANGEL preaching in Westminster Abbey, on a recent Sunday, mentioned with respect to the life of the late great benefactor of his life—the loss of his beloved wife—it was the question of the royal crown.

AN OVER, with gentle sympathy led him back by the hand into his desolate home.

STIRTING BU made fierce resistance to being moved from Standing Rock agency to Randall. It was necessary to force him, step by step, down the bank of the river to the steamer. A hot-headed negro of the royal crown was quiet only after he came in collision with the butt end of a musket. The squaw also objected to the journey, and one of them killed her child and then attempted to commit suicide.

## IN GENERAL.

The secret spring of all love madness is said to be conceit.

The voice of the people—"One president at a time,"—Elmira Free Press.

"A RAINY DAY," says the Rochester Express reverently, "is the noblest work of God."

MONEY is accumulating in New York again and the banks are increasing their reserves.

If everybody was rich nobody would be an end. Money would be valueless and progress at an end.

The usual cost to the candidates of an election in the German reichstag is about a million marks.

The German and Switzerland Methodist Episcopal conference has 9,771 members, showing an increase during the year of 271.

The Ohio river has pretty nearly ceased to be. At Pittsburgh there is but ten inches of water, at Cincinnati twenty-four, and at Evansville but thirty inches.

The queen has presented the great vine at Hampton Court, so familiar to American travelers, to Princess Frederica, of Hanover. What she is to do with it but she knows.

AND still they come. The Virginia Post, published in Alexandria, and owned and edited by colored men, has come out fair and square for the democratic cause.

For cool refreshing impudence, give us the Chilians, who demand of conquered Peru indemnity for the Peruvian war ships destroyed in the war, and which the Chilians might have captured.

SOME English travelers have built an orphanage at ancient Nazareth. It has been open four years, and there are in all thirty-six girls, of whom there are 15. They are all taught, whatever may have been their parentage, to love the one true God, and Jesus Christ whom he hath sent.

It is expected that the yield of wheat on Dalrymple's famous "wheat patch," in Dakota, this year will be 600,000 bushels. The cost of production averages of an acre, of \$20.00. The wheat is sold at an average net price of \$1 per bushel, therefore the profit of Mr. Dalrymple's little garden in 1881, from the sale of the crop, will be \$200,000. The difference between \$200,000 and \$600,000, or the trifle of \$400,000, more than 200 per cent on the entire investment.

The long expected sculptures from Guatemala have at last reached Berlin and been placed in the Royal museum. The work connected with the removal of the sculptures from Guatemala, having been interrupted by the death of Dr. Berendt, the authority on the archeology of Central America, who died last year, the work has been associated himself in the enterprise, and whose death was caused by the unhealthy climate in which his long labors were passed.

ALMA TADEMA's picture of "Sappho" is considered the triumph of this year's Royal academy exhibition. "The Greek poetess is seated at a desk which is a study of the artist's hand. The artist has expressed, it is said to guess, will be awarded to the youthful poet who, lying in hand, is seated opposite to her. Behind her are the sculptured seats of an amphitheater of white marble, overlooking the sea, and female attendants of soft and gentle expression. The painting is full of air and light."

It will not be long until the United States will be the wealthiest nation on the globe. She now stands third in the list, and a good third at that. England comes first with a capital of 40,000 millions of dollars; France second with 36,000 millions, followed closely by the United States with 32,000 millions. The annual increase of national wealth in Germany is 200 millions, in England 25 millions, in France 35 millions, and in the United States it reaches the enormous figure of \$25 millions.

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It will not be long until the United States will be the wealthiest nation on the globe. She now stands third in the list, and a good third at that. England comes first with a capital of 40,000 millions of dollars; France second with 36,000 millions, followed closely by the United States with 32,000 millions. The annual increase of national wealth in Germany is 200 millions, in England 25 millions, in France 35 millions, and in the United States it reaches the enormous figure of \$25 millions.

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THE REMAINS OF A MISSING MAN  
FOUND NEAR PANAMINT.

San Francisco Examiner.

## SHOOTING AT GUTEAU.

**Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.**  
Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free  
yourself of every symptom of these distressing com-  
plaints? If you think so call at our store and get a  
bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed  
receipt for the use of the medicine and if it does you  
good it will cost you nothing. Sold by all drug-  
stores. 502 1/2 JURY—dimecove tues thr sat & weoe

—The governor of Missouri has issued the custom-  
ary weekly proclamation regarding train-robbers,  
but unfortunately many of the gentlemen for whose  
benefit it is intended cannot read.

and (very concentrated) or dry, both act efficient-  
N. H. Journal and Courier.

Woman  
Health

*Yours for Health*  
*Lydia E. Pinkham*

**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S**  
**VEGETABLE COMPOUND.**  
**Is a Positive Cure**  
**for all these Painful Complaints and Weaknesses**

The type on which this paper is printed is from  
above Foundry.—Ed. CONSTITUTION.

**Notice to the Public.**  
The public are hereby CAUTIONED AGAINST  
SENDING ANY MONEY OR ORDERS TO NUNES &  
SONS, 38 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY, as  
authorized by the Louisiana State Lottery Company  
sell its tickets. They are hoodwinking the country  
by a bogus claim of authority purporting to be of the  
Louisiana State Lottery Company and are FRAUD-  
ULENTLY representing themselves as its Agents.  
They have no authority from this Company to sell  
tickets, and are not its Agents.  
M. A. DAUPHIN,  
Pres. Louisiana State Lottery Co.  
New Orleans, La., July 4, 1881.

H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass.  
6-dly fri sun wed

MISS M. RUTHERFORD, Principal.

**The Misses Washington's  
SELECT SCHOOL.**

24 CHURCH CORNER FAIRLIE STREET.  
ATLANTA, GA., August 12 1881.

BEFORE OUR LAST ANNOUNCEMENT WE HAVE  
the pleasure to notify the public, our patrons  
the friends of Mrs. A. F. ASHE, that we have  
the services of this eminent teacher, as as-  
sistant Miss Ashe fills the office of principal in

wholesale and retail agents, Atlanta and  
Ga. Orders by mail will receive prompt at-  
tention. apr15 d4wly

will be of public utility, all persons are notified on and after the 12th day of October, 1881, said ration will be finally granted, if the terms to be proposed by the Commissioners shall be accepted to no good cause is shown to the contrary.

JOHN T. COOPER,  
Clerk.

pl3p—dlaw4w tues

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N. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER.

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GUARDIAN'S SALE—WILL BE SOLD, AT THE city hall, in Atlanta, Fulton county, on the Tuesday (4th) day of October next, within the usual order of an auctioneer, the following

REGISTERED Atlanta, Ga. 1900



## LOCAL TIN-TYPES

FROM OUR REPORTERS' POCKET CAMERAS.

**Yesterday in the City—What was Done and Said by Home-Folks and Strangers—The Gossip of the Town as Taken on the Fly—In and About the Courts and Departments.**

**BORN IN THE CHAIN-GANG.**—Leta Morris, a colored girl who is serving a short term in the city chain-gang, gave birth Monday last to a child. The child is living and the mother will be released in a day or two.

**OFF TO LA GRANGE.**—Yesterday the Rev. Dr. J. W. Heild left Atlanta for La Grange, where he will spend the following year at the La Grange female college. Miss George Rount, Miss Kate Hargis, Miss Mamie Lou Cook, Miss Florrie Cook, Miss Julia Covington, Miss Fanny McAfee, Miss Ida Palmer, Miss Jennie Sims, Miss Helen Reid, Miss Annie Bradley, Miss Mamie Bradley, Miss Lella Wooten.

**RUN AWAY.**—Late yesterday evening a pair of mules attached to a wagon driven by a Mr. Maynard who lives near Hapeville, took flight near Perkins' machine house, on Mitchell street, and ran away. When near the corner of Forsyth and Peters streets, Mr. Maynard was thrown from his seat and badly injured by the fall. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and carried to Mr. Perkins' home, 165 Forsyth street, where he is now. His friends at Hapeville have been telegraphed.

**BUSINESS CHANGES.**—In commercial circles advice from the mercantile agency indicates these changes in Georgia within the past few days: Westmoreland & Griffin, druggists, Atlanta, Ga., have disposed of their stock, good will, etc. Their successors are Messrs James & Parks. Lockhart, Howard & Co., dealers in family groceries, have dissolved. They will be succeeded by Lockhart & Sayre. D. Daly & Bro., grocers of Macon, have recently given a chattel mortgage covering their stock, etc., for \$1,000. The mortgage runs until January, 1882.

**THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.**—Superintendent Sifton has just completed his report for the public schools of the city of Atlanta for the first week. The report shows that the girls' high school opened with 210 pupils and closed with 212.

The Boys' high school opened with 96, and closed with 105.

The Ivy Street school began with 222, and closed with 410.

The Crew Street school had 416 at the opening and 445 at the close of the week.

The Walker Street school commenced with 151, and closed with 325.

The Fair Street school began with 311 and ended with 526.

The Haynes Street school closed with 431.

The Haynes Street school, colored, closed with 204.

The Summer Hill school, colored, closed with 191.

The Houston Street school, colored, has 8 teachers and 404 pupils. It is said to be the finest school building in the city.

ON THE 20TH.—The tax books will close on the 20th day of October, and then a cent will be added to the delinquent list.

A NEW WAREHOUSE.—A new cotton warehouse was begun yesterday on the corner of Forsyth and Hunter streets. It is the property of Messrs Treadwell & Co., of Conyers, and will be 100x210 feet.

FALL THROUGH THE FLOOR.—Monday night last a white man employed at the night watch at the Exposition hotel fell from the second floor of the building. He was attempting to descend the stairway when he stepped off the end. The fall resulted in a broken rib.

STEALING A HORSE.—Yesterday a North Carolina sheriff passed through Atlanta with a prisoner who is wanted in his county for horse stealing. The offense was committed in Atlanta, and the prisoner was not captured until last week, when he was found near Knoxville, Tenn.

FALL FROM A SWING.—Mary Harvey, a small white child who lives with her parents on Foundry street, fell from a swing yesterday, breaking her arm below the elbow. The fall was caused by the breaking of one side of the rope. The fracture gives the little girl much pain.

KNOCKED ON THE HEAD.—John Robeson, a small colored boy, was clubbed last night by Officer Dehman. Late yesterday evening Officer Dehman, who is a small son of Mr. H. H. Morgan and threw a stone at him, striking him on the head, making an ugly wound.

OFF THE TRACK.—Just beyond the Foundry street crossing yesterday morning an engine drawing a mixed train jumped the tracks and ran into the Atlanta track. Some time was spent in placing the engine on the rails, and then it was ascertained that the engine was so damaged as to necessitate a visit to the shops for repairs.

FIRE.—There were two fire alarms yesterday. One in the morning was occasioned by a blaze in a residence on East Hunter street, but was extinguished before the fire companies could respond. The other was caused by a fire in the second story of a building in the rear of 41 Decatur street. No damage.

BAD FIGHT.—Bill McHenry and Frank Jackson, two negro men, fell out over a watermelon yesterday on Butler street, and a fight ensued. The difficulty Jackson killed McHenry badly. Three long cuts were made across his chest and one down his left arm. The wounds were dressed and McHenry will recover.

STILL ANOTHER NIGHT.—Fay Templeton has concluded to delight an Atlanta audience again to night. Last night her engagement terminated, but many of Atlanta's people were anxious to witness the famous comedy and yesterday gave a grand testimonial in the shape of a request to remain to night. She will doubtless have a big house.

A FOUR LEGGED CHICKEN.—The snake editor of THE CONSTITUTION was yesterday shown a small chicken with four well developed legs, two in the proper position and two growing out on one side near the left wing. The chicken was the property of Laura Gleason, a colored woman who lives on Haynes street, and was about a week old.

BURGLARY.—Last night Mr. George Franklin's house on Haynes street was entered through the front door while the family was at supper and robbed of quite a quantity of jewelry and a small sum of money. The jewelry was in a bureau drawer, which the thief broke open, and consisted of one beautiful gold ring, a pair of diamond earrings and a brooch. The money was in a pocket book on the mantle but the amount is not known.

A GOOD FIRM.—One of the most enterprising firms in the city is that of Carter & Solomon, carpet dealers, 30 Whitehall street. These gentlemen have established themselves firmly at the head of the carpet trade in Atlanta, and are surrounded by a large and beautiful of their stock. Their stock of wall papers and all like goods is complete, and their prices are simply at the bottom.

A HORSE AND WAGON GONE.—Yesterday a Mr. Sanders, who resides about nine miles east of Atlanta came to town in a wagon drawn by one horse left standing on Mitchell street, near Broad, about one o'clock. After a short absence from his team Mr. Sanders returned to find it gone, and although the police made a close search for it yesterday evening, nothing has as yet been heard from the missing horse and wagon.

THE BIRD THIEVES.—In the city court yesterday Captain Connolly's bird thieves were arraigned for trial. One of the boys was given a trial and sent to the chain-gang for a short term. The others will be tried to-day. Connolly has clung to these juvenile offenders since their capture, and the public owe him a debt of gratitude for his faithful service.

SWORN IN.—At 12 o'clock yesterday the special police force for the exposition grounds was sworn in at police headquarters by Commissioner Dodd and Fox. Chief Thomas was first sworn and then the rest. Chief Thomas has named as his lieutenant Ed A. Dade, and as his clerk Mr. Dick. Both of the gentlemen will prove able and efficient aids to the chief. Their uniforms will arrive this morning.

CARELESS DRIVING.—Late yesterday evening Officer Menkin arrested a colored man against whom he brought the charge of careless driving. About dark the offender was standing near the corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets, when the negro, coming rapidly around the corner, ran against a white lady who was knocked down by the wagon wheel and who would have been crushed beneath the load but for Menkin who, jerked her from her perilous position.

PLAINTY EXTORTION.—Friday night, September 13th, a letterbox and several other articles were given to the executive mansion, under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of this city. Some of the best talent in the city will lend it aid to make the occasion one

of interest. A notable feature of the evening will be an address from General John B. Gordon. The object is to raise funds for the dissemination of choice temperance literature throughout the city. Admission, 25 cents.

**STUCK WITH A CHAIR.**—Last night John Darnell, an employee at the cotton factory, went into a furniture store on Marietta street, near Broad, and deposited himself in such a manner as to cause the proprietor to order him out. Darnell refused to obey, when the proprietor attempted to eject him. The effort was met with a strong resistance, and a big fight was the result. During the fight Darnell was knocked over the head several times with a chair. The blows were hard ones, and the blood flowed profusely. Both parties were arrested.

**THE ATLANTA COTTON EXCHANGE.**—Yesterday morning Major J. F. Cummings, president of the Atlanta cotton exchange, visited his office, and although the visit was against the wishes and advice of his physicians, it was the cause of many congratulations from his numerous friends. It is believed the exchange will soon be under full working order, and the universal opinion was one of confidence in the exchange. It is now thought that Major Cummings' illness has more to do with retarding the progress of affairs than any business complications. Late last night, Major Cummings had another hemorrhage, but not such as to excite the fears of his friends.

**HUMPTY-DUMPTY.**—Every one has many times heard the old saying, "There's nothing new under the sun," but the falsity of this assertion is now clearly proven. Anthony Ellis & Hamilton, a justly Consolidated Association is most emphatically "something new under the sun," uniting as it does the magnificent ball shows in one harmonious whole. People will flock to laugh at the jargon of the Havel's Humpty-Dumpty troupe, to enjoy the musical and vocal music by popular artists, to see Sadwah, the East India princess and the washerwoman, the wonderful trained dogs, the graceful and graceful dancing and comic specialties. The company travels in their own luxurious hotel car, containing all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. Be on the lookout for this grand consolidation.

**HORSE PERSONALS.**—Mr. Singleton, of Sereven, looks up a sharp dealer at the session, draws near his close.

—The house yesterday greeted with pleasure the return of Mr. Smith, of Oglethorpe, with undiminished shadow and massive gentility.

—Mr. Wheeler, of Walker, never loses an opportunity to call the previous question or to vote an emphatic "no" upon all bills making an appropriation of the people's money.

—Speaking being now an unusual diversion of the house, and speakers limited to five minutes, the attraction for outsiders has grown beautifully less, and there is plenty of room in the galleries.

—Mr. Jackson, of Richmond, presided for an hour or longer yesterday, and made an excellent chairman. He dispatched business with great rapidity and as the speaker himself could have done.

**MAJOR TOM BYNUM.**—Major Bynum, the gentleman who died last week at the Adams house, was of the old school. He was a gentleman of high standing in the state. The following article from the New Orleans Picayune speaks for itself:

"Major Bynum was one of the best known men in Louisiana, and probably no man in the state had a larger circle of acquaintances and friends."

The deceased was a native of this state, born in one of the best river parishes, and belonging to a highly respectable family. He was a distinguished graduate of Princeton college. Don Cameron and Stanley Matthews being among his classmates. He afterwards studied law, but seems to have had a stronger predilection for journalism. Previous to the war he was connected with the Baton Rouge Gazette, which was the official journal, with signal ability. As a writer he had few superiors in this part of the country, and was a brilliant talker. He married Miss Adams, of Baton Rouge, who, with five children, survive him. One of his sisters became the wife of Mr. Keene Richards, of Kentucky, and another of Mr. Bodine Richards.

Major Bynum was an ardent politician and took an active interest in every campaign. The writer has no recollection of this leading any political office of state position. During the war he gave commissions resulting from the action of 1862. Major Bynum was in his efforts to secure the recognition of the Nichols government, and doubtless rendered considerable service through his relations to Secretary Cameron.

**Personal.**

—W. H. Brewster is now with Rich & Bro.

—Mrs J. W. English went to Jonesboro yesterday.

—Fears of advertisement on page 8—read and profit by it.

—Mr. J. C. Simmons has returned to his home at Dawson, Ga.

—Miss Mary L. Lowe, of Columbus, who has been visiting friends in Atlanta, left yesterday for her home.

—We call attention to the notice of Captain W. A. Fuller. He offers a splendid inducement to a business man.

—Mr. John H. James left for Brooklyn to carry his daughter Lillian and Robbie Critchfield to Parker college to school.

—Mr. R. A. Massey, editor of the Douglasville Star and mayor of Douglasville, is in the city in the interest of his paper.

**The Courts.**

**SUPREME COURT.**—Judgments rendered September 13, 1881.

Black Ridge Circuit—No 1. Castleberry vs. State. Affirmed.

No 2. Dahlonega Gold Mining Company vs. Purdy. Affirmed.

No 3. Rogers vs. Craig. Compromise, from Milton. Affirmed.

No 4. Coker vs. State. Assault with intent to murder. Affirmed.

No 5. Coker vs. McKinney. Certiorari, from Gilmer. Reversed.

No 6. County of Cobb vs. Adams. Case, from Cobb. Affirmed.

No 7. Patterson vs. State. Murder, from Pickens. Affirmed.

No 8. Sewell vs. Edmondson et al. Injunction, from Cobb. Affirmed.

No 9. Western Circuit—No 6. Thomas vs. Thomas. Equity, from Walton. Affirmed.

No 8 and 9. Kennedy, administrator, vs. Redwine and vice versa. Affirmed.

No 10. Blackstock et al vs. Mitchell, executor. Ejectment, from Hall. Affirmed.

No 11. Mordick vs. Hunt. Application for administration, from White. Affirmed.

No 12. Purdy vs. State. Keeping open tipping house by night. From city court of Hall county. Affirmed.

No 13. Partee vs. State. Burglary, from Clarke. Affirmed.

No 14. Johnson vs. Wilson & Co. Complaint, from Clarke. Reversed.

No 15. Wilkins vs. Maddrey. Complaint, from Clarke. Affirmed.

No 16. Princeton Mfg Co. vs. Moore, Jenkins & Co. Garnishment, from Clarke. Affirmed.

No 17. C. C. Watson. Assumpsit, from Gwinnett. Reversed.

No 18 and 19. Wharpy vs. Phinix and Haylen vs. same. Attachments for violating injunction, from Hall. Affirmed.

**SUPREME COURT.**—Atlanta, Ga., September 13, 1881.

Black Ridge Circuit—No 10. Cherokee, Mayor, etc., of Cartersville vs. Lanham, et al. Injunction from Bartow. Argued. James B. Conyers for plaintiffs in error; D. D. Graham for defendants.

No 47. Atlanta, Garrison et al. vs. City of Atlanta. Refusal of injunction from Fulton. Argued in error. D. D. Graham for plaintiffs in error; W. T. Newman for defendant.

Southern Circuit—No 1. Set at heel of Oceano. No 2. Withdrawn.

Oceano Circuit—No 1. Dismissed.

No 2. Southern Express Company vs. Frank et al. Suit on bond, from Pulaski. Roberts & Delaney, Solicitors, for plaintiff in error; Kibbee & Martindale, for defendant.

Pending argument of Mr. Kibbee court adjourned until 9 a. m., to-morrow.

The Hon. Hiram Warner, late chief justice, was suggested by Hon. Logan E. Blackley, and on motion the following committee was appointed to prepare a memorial of the deceased. Hon. Logan E. Blackley, Hon. Charles J. Jenkins, Hon. Joseph E. Brown, Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Hon. H. K. McKey, Hon. R. F. Lyon, Hon. R. P. Triple, Hon. W. Montgomery, and Hon. J. W. Park, of Meriwether.

**CITY COURT.**—The city court met yesterday at the usual hour, and spent the day in disposing of several cases for gaming. Elias Shaver was found guilty of larceny from the house and sentenced to three months on the public works.

**FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.**—Yesterday was the last part of Fulton superior court. About one hundred and twenty cases were heard and returned. Court convenes on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in the present month.

**"Rough on Rats."**

The thing desired found at last. Ask druggists for Rough on Rats. It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bed-bugs, &c. 15 cents box.

**It Acts Like a Charm.**

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., March, 1881.

Dear Sir—Sandozine acts like a charm. It is the best remedy for scratches or mud poison I have ever used. Please send me another package at once. Respectfully, M. R. BELL.

Price 50 cents. Try a package.

**The Horse.**

It is important and desirable to have at hand a remedy which can be relied on in the following diseases of that noble animal:

Will cure Strangles, Saddle and Harness Galls, Scurged Places, Haler Chills, Sore Backs and Shoulders, Eruption of the skin and Sore Eyes.

Price 50 cents. All druggists sell it.

**\$50,000 BOOM**

At the cheapest furniture house in Georgia. Goods especially adapted to the exposition demands. Buy before it is too late. P. H. SNOOK.

427-sept-15, vedefri

## ON THE OUTSIDE,

LUSTILY CLAMORING FOR ADMISSION TO THE INSIDE.

The Innumerable Applications for Space Now Four in to the Headquarters, but Which Have to be Rejected—Some Facts and Incidents of the Great Show—The Exhibits.

The foolish virgin spoken of in the parable were worthy exemplars of a host of people from whom Director-General Kimball is now receiving letters and telegrams innumerable. Last Saturday night the doors were closed to applicants. It was high time that such action should be taken, and people all over the country suddenly woke up to the fact that it was exceedingly desirable to secure a place in the great show.

The time of two corresponding clerks is fully occupied in informing these eleven hour people that they are too late. Some who are doubtful are now so anxious to get in that they would almost be willing to pave the space they want with twenty dollar gold pieces, but it is now no use. The thrifty and wide-awakeners of the country acted promptly and secured all the space in the buildings, and more too, necessitating a large increase in the form of annexes. These will be built for their accommodation. The rest will be obliged to remain out in the cold. THE CONSTITUTION proposed this state of things more than two months ago to the great amusement of some wisecracks who have always been in the habit of looking at objects through the wrong end of the telescope, but "time, which sets all things right," has more than verified those prophecies, and to-day the exposition, the number of exhibits accepted is a success far beyond what even the most sanguine of its projectors anticipated. "He laughs best who laughs last," and we can afford to pity the short-sighted men who stood aloof from this enterprise, which is certain to redound to the prosperity of our city, our commonwealth and the whole south.

The general interest felt in the exposition by intelligent citizens of this country is shown by the letters received by many of our prominent merchants and business men from their correspondents and acquaintances in various parts of the country. One gentleman yesterday had a letter from an influential capitalist of Chicago, from which we are permitted to make the following extract: "There are among my friends in the northwest many who are anxious to make investments in the timber lands and coal deposits of West Virginia, eastern Tennessee and Georgia. I have promised to look the associate in this promising enterprise. Will you have the kindness to investigate thoroughly and be prepared when I arrive at Atlanta to put me on the track of the information desired, that I may be able to start them in the right direction." Another gentleman has been advised by the president of the largest manufacturing of wheels in the United States, or for that matter in the world—that his company will send their experts to the exposition for the special purpose of examining the displays of hickory, timber, etc. He says that his company consumes an immense quantity of hickory annually, and that it is of the utmost importance to them that they should find some new lasting source of supply. A member of the bridge exchange of New York who contracts an immense amount of capital has made arrangements to inspect the exhibits of precious metals at the exposition and then to investigate the territories from which they were obtained, with a view of making heavy investments for himself and for his associates in promising localities. These are chance items which like straws serve to show which way the wind is blowing.

Those conversant with the arrangements that have been made for the entertainment of strangers in vicinity of the exposition park are so enthusiastic over the idea that the north end is likely to be the most lively and fashionable quarter of the city during the next three months. Beside the exposition hotel there will be at least three encampments. One of these, called the "Cotton hotel," will be a very elegant affair; another will be more on the style of a military encampment in its general character, and the third is a private affair, owned by the William thread company and provided by them for the entertainment of their employees. The Cotton hotel, so called, is an enterprise projected by the Greenwood Lake improvement company, the president of which is Mr. W. O. McDowell, of the firm of McDowell, Bros., & Co., bankers, 7 Courtland street, New York. The landlord of this establishment is Mr. L. Y. Jenness, who has, during the past summer, been in charge of their "Encampment hotel," at Warwick Woodland on Greenwood lake, where he has had his headquarters for two hundred people. In compliment to the original design of the exposition, he has it in contemplation to call this the "Cotton hotel," although he may adhere to his original designation for the sake of his northern patrons who may not identify him under a new name. Mr. Jenness arrived in this city yesterday and has been busy ever since in his preliminary arrangements. He purchased 75,000 feet of lumber for the construction of his dining room, cook house and fences, and for the planking of the various walks about his grounds. Should the number of his patrons exceed his expectations he will secure additional tents at the north, and be able to accommodate double the number of guests that he at present expects to provide for. This will be a remarkably pleasant provision for all northern visitors and do something toward relieving the city of the great pressure for entertainment that is certain to come with the early days of October.

Director-General Kimball received yesterday from Hon. Eli Whitney advice of the shipment of the model cotton-gin of his father's invention, which he has kindly consented to loan to the exposition. The shipment contained notice of the shipment of the sporting rifles contributed by the Whitney Arms Co. of Whittemore, Conn., as prizes for the rifle tournament. These consist—

First. One 45-calibre. Phenix Schenten patent chambered, set trigger, 110 grains, express cartridge; also a set of reloading tools and quantity of cartridges for the same. Value, \$65.

Second. One 44-calibre of octagon Whitney long-range rifle, chambered plain trigger, for 77 grain cartridge. Value, \$35.

Third. One 44-calibre octagon Whitney long-range rifle, chambered, plain trigger, for 90 grain cartridge, worth \$45.

Fourth. One 44-calibre octagon Kennedy repeating rifle, chambered for 40 grain cartridge (known as Winchester 1873 model cartridge), with set trigger, worth \$82.

Fifth. One 44-calibre, round Kennedy repeating rifle, with plain trigger, chambered for same cartridge as above, worth \$25.

The net value of the whole, at factory prices, being \$202. All of these rifles are first-class and finished in the most approved modern style. They will be grand prizes for the marksmen who succeed in securing them.

We hope in a few days to obtain a list of all the prizes offered for this tournament, that our sporting friends may know what is offered for their competition.

## \$500 REWARD.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or any ailment, which can be cured by Dr. J. C. West's Vegetable Liver Pills. We can cure you with Dr. J. C. West's Vegetable Liver Pills. 25 cents.

For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., 115 West 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

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